

Ted M. Young

Java Trainer, Coach, Live Coder, and Creator of JitterTed's TDD Game



Event Sourcing

The End of DDD Tactical Patterns?

Me: <https://ted.dev/about>

Source Code? Slides?

<https://ted.dev/talks>



Ted M. Young
ted@tedmyoung.com

I Can Help Your Team...

Write more Testable code
with more Effective tests

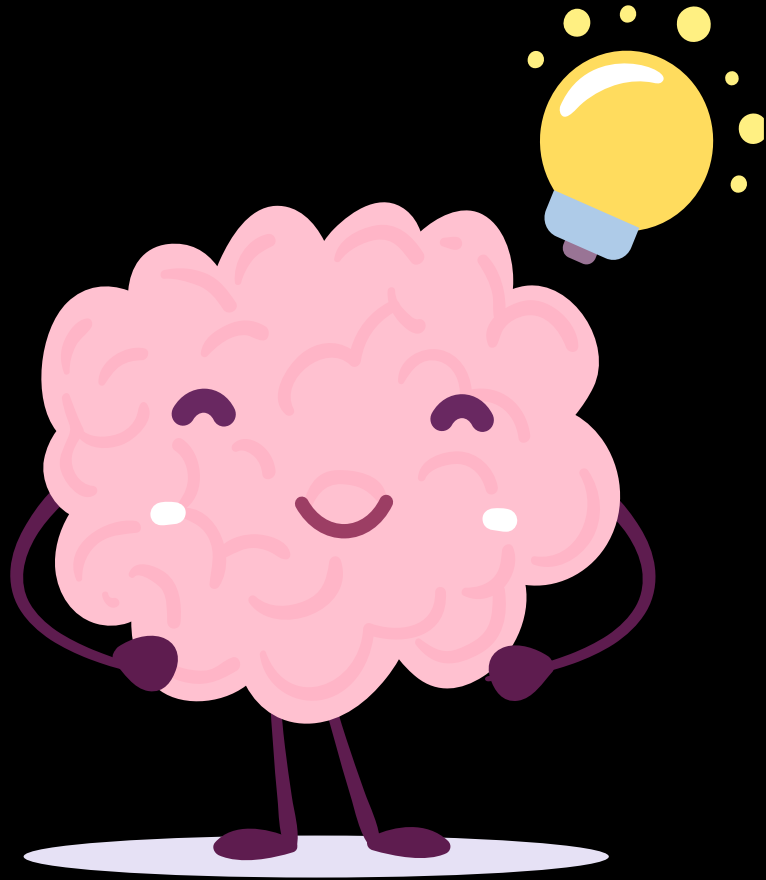
Be more productive in
Java & Spring

Effectively use
TDD

**Refactor
Messy
Code**



Ask Questions As You Need



I may defer the
answer if I'm going
to cover it later!



What's in this TED Talk...

1. How (and why) do we persist data?
2. JitterTicket: Concert Ticketing domain
3. Define terms, where to make decisions?
4. Dig into some code & **tests**
5. Related topics briefly mentioned:
 - CQRS, Event Modeling
 - Versioning & Schema Migration
 - Performance & Snapshotting
 - GDPR



What is APPLICATION STATE?

DATA IN + Outcome of DOMAIN DECISIONS

TIME

JitterTicket

Concert Ticket Sales and Scheduling System

JitterTicket Domain

CUSTOMER

CONCERT

TICKET



Domain Decisions

- **Purchase Ticket**

- **Decision (Domain Rule): enough tickets?**
 - Yes -> State Change: Ticket Purchased
 - No -> No State Change (inform buyer)

- **Reschedule Concert**

- **Rules: not canceled; in the future; no schedule conflicts**
 - Yes -> State Change: Concert Rescheduled
 - No -> No State Change (report why)



How to Persist Decisions?

Often: Map Objects to Database Tables (ORM)

Mapping Objects from/to Database



r/ExperiencedDevs
u/Fuzzy_World427 · 10h

DDD: How do you map DTOs when entities have private setters?

Hey all,

I'm running into trouble mapping DTOs into aggregates. My entities all have **private setters** (to protect invariants), but this makes mapping tricky.

I've seen different approaches:

- Passing the whole DTO into the aggregate root constructor (but then the domain knows about DTOs).
- Using mapper/extension classes (cleaner, but can't touch private setters).
- Factory methods (same issue).
- Even AutoMapper struggles with private setters without ugly hacks.

So how do you usually handle mapping DTOs to aggregates when private setters are involved?



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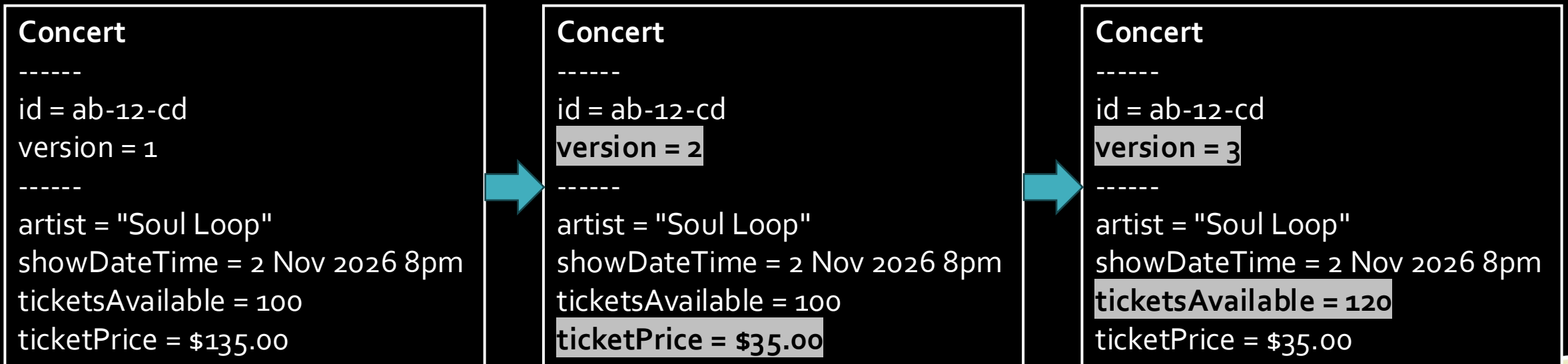


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Storing Data as "Latest State"

- "State-Sourced"
- No history, throws away old information
- No knowledge of how/why state changed



Storing Data as Changes in State

Concert Scheduled: 23, ab-12-cd, "Soul Loop", 2 Nov 2026, 20:00, 100, 135.00

Ticket Price Changed: 41, ab-12-cd, 35.00

Capacity Increased: 73, ab-12-cd, 120

*FOLD/
REDUCE*

Concert

id = ab-12-cd

artist = "Soul Loop"

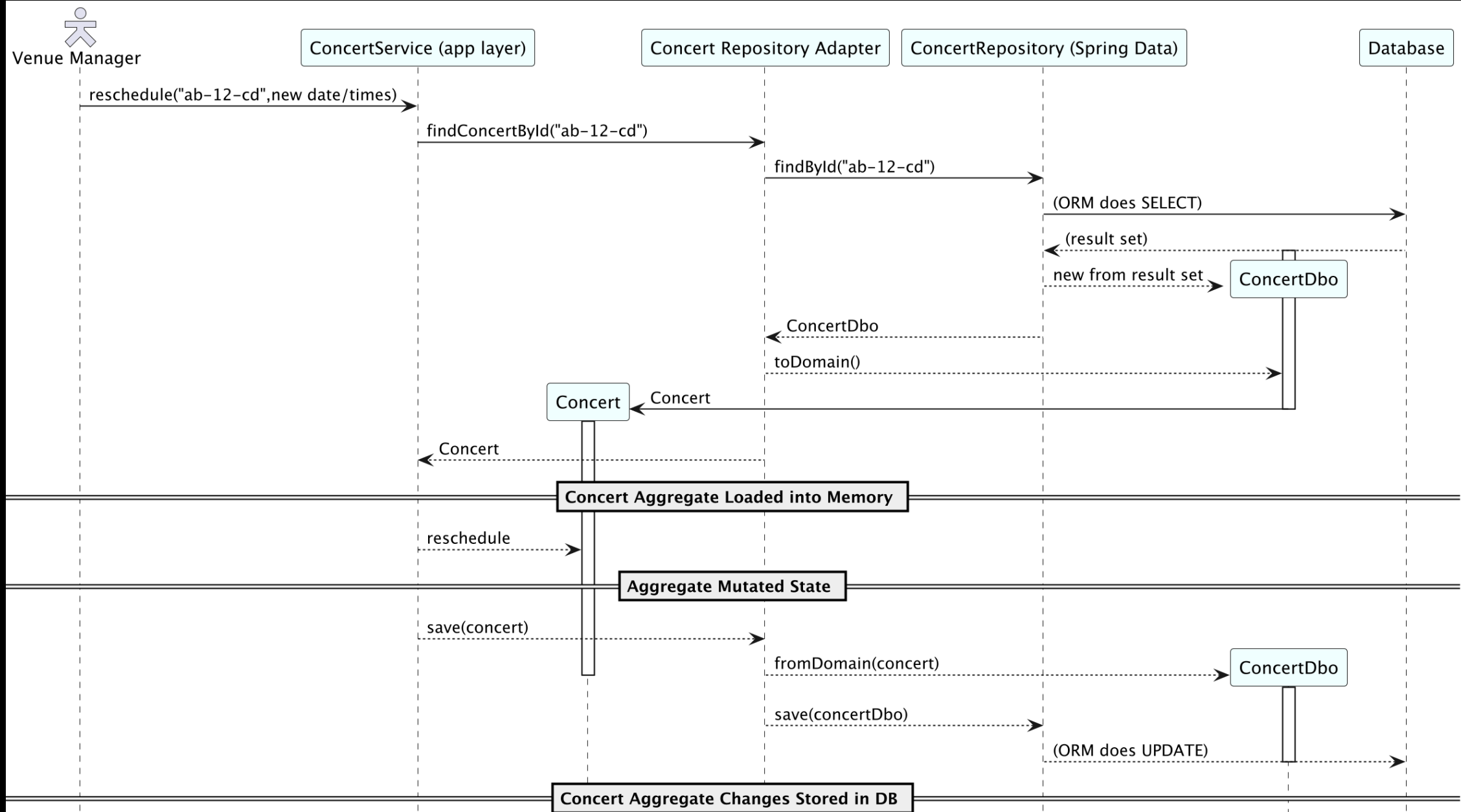
showDateTime = 2 Nov 2026 8pm

ticketsAvailable = 120

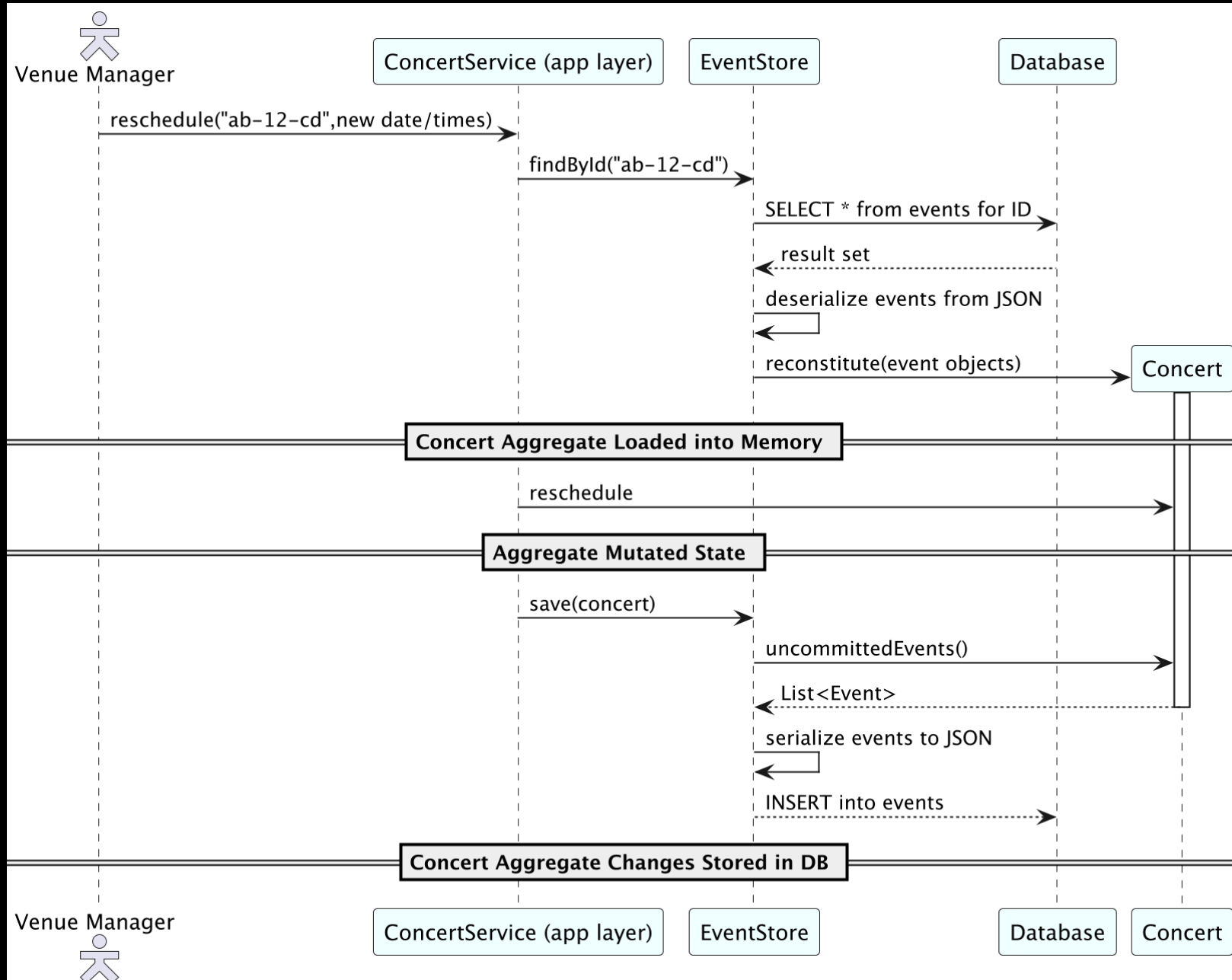
ticketPrice = \$35.00



Adapter-Driven ORM Persistence



Event-Sourced Persistence (Aggregate-based)



Fundamentals

Past

Event

Present

State

Future

Command



Definitions: EVENT (the past)

a fact, something that happened

Customer Registered

Concert Scheduled

Ticket Price Changed

Capacity Increased

Tickets Sold



Definition: STATE (now)

Info used by application to *DECIDE*
and record outcome of the decision

Concert

id = ab-12-cd

version = 1

artist = "Soul Loop"

showDateTime = 2 Nov 2026 8pm

ticketsAvailable = 100

ticketPrice = \$135.00

In the future?

No conflict
with other
Concerts?

Enough tickets
available?

How much to charge?



Definition: COMMAND (future)

Request to change state

Register New Customer

Schedule Concert

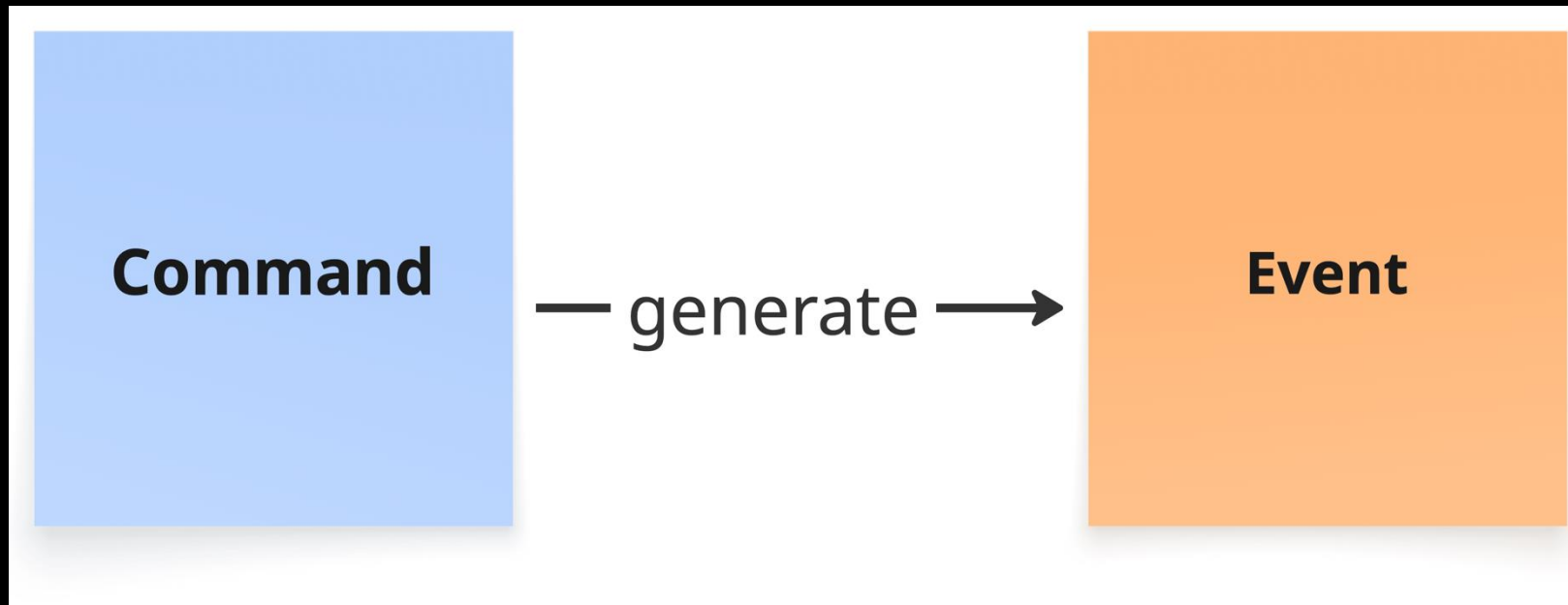
Change Ticket Price

Increase Capacity

Purchase Tickets



Commands Generate Events



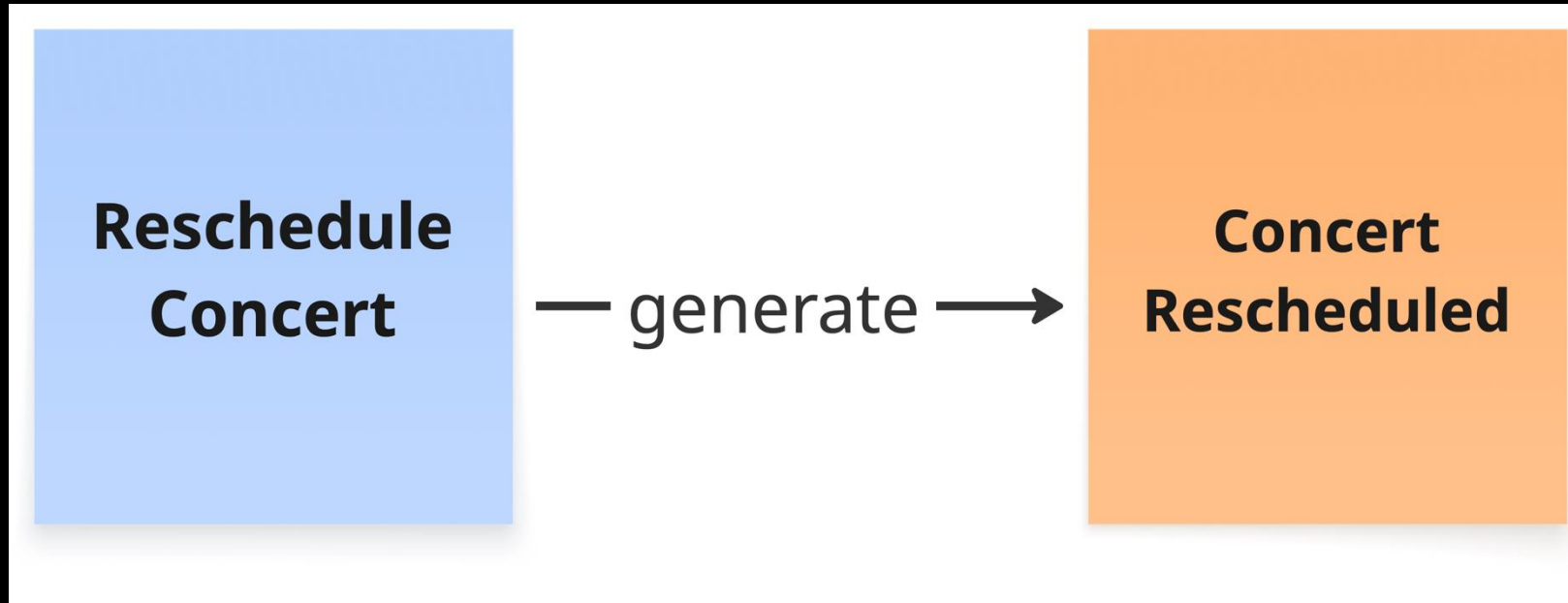
Command

Event

State



Commands Generate Events



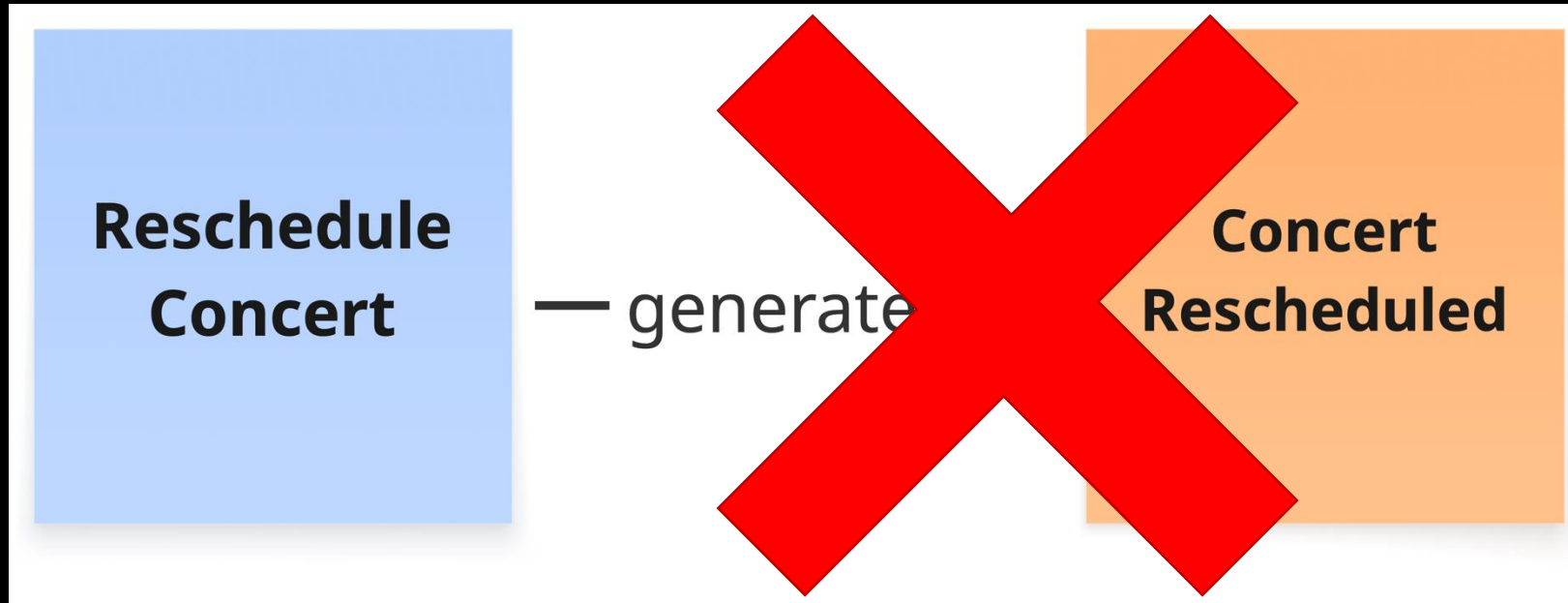
Command

Event

State



...unless It's Not Allowed (Rule)



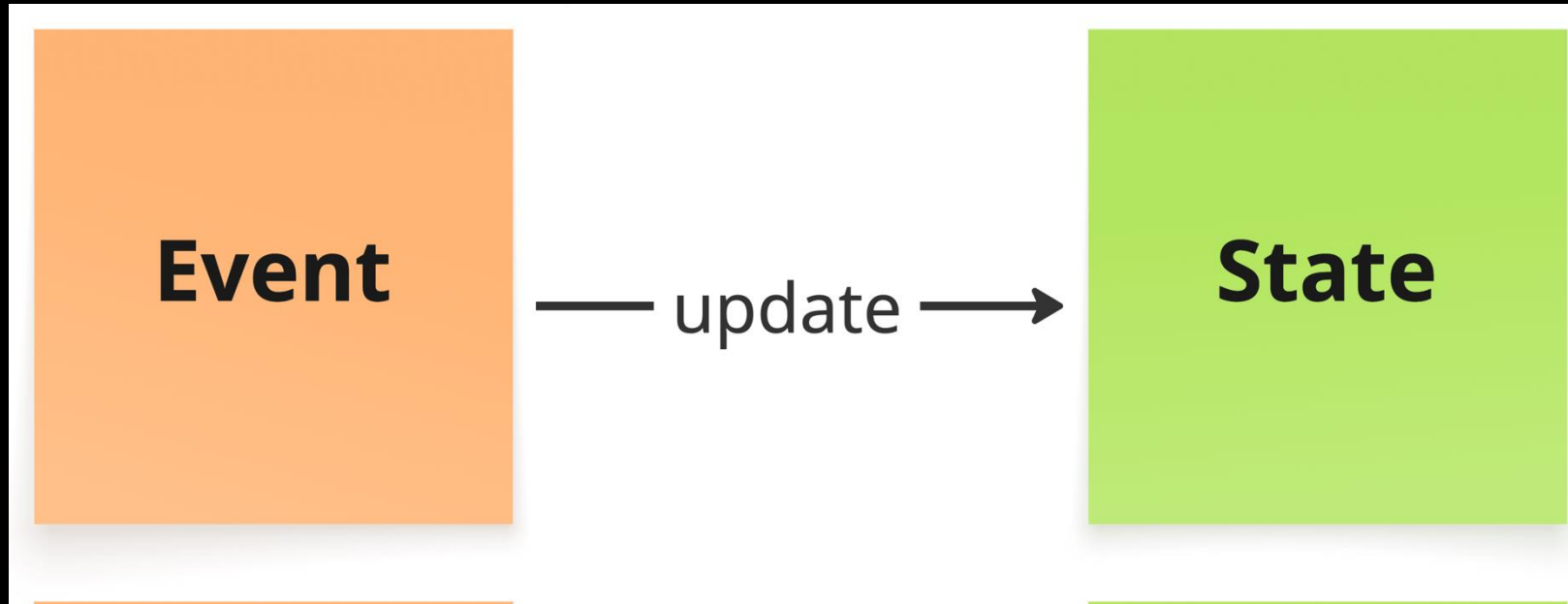
Command

Event

State



Events Update State



Command

Event

State



Events Update State (always!)



Command

Event

State



Events *Project* to State



Command

Event

State



Event-Sourcing PROJECTOR

A function that constructs a *Data Model* (state) by sequentially *replaying events* (fold/reduce) loaded by the *Event Store*.

Produces a PROJECTION



Projections Can Provide

- Current **STATE** (context) to **DECIDE** (command)
- Customized Views for UI
- Data Models for access via API
- Database tables for integration

One Concept: Many Uses



Event Store

An append-only "database" that records all events generated by the application.



Domain-Driven Design

Tactical Patterns

Entity

Unique (Has Identity), History, and Attributes

Value Object

Identified Only by its Attributes (immutable)

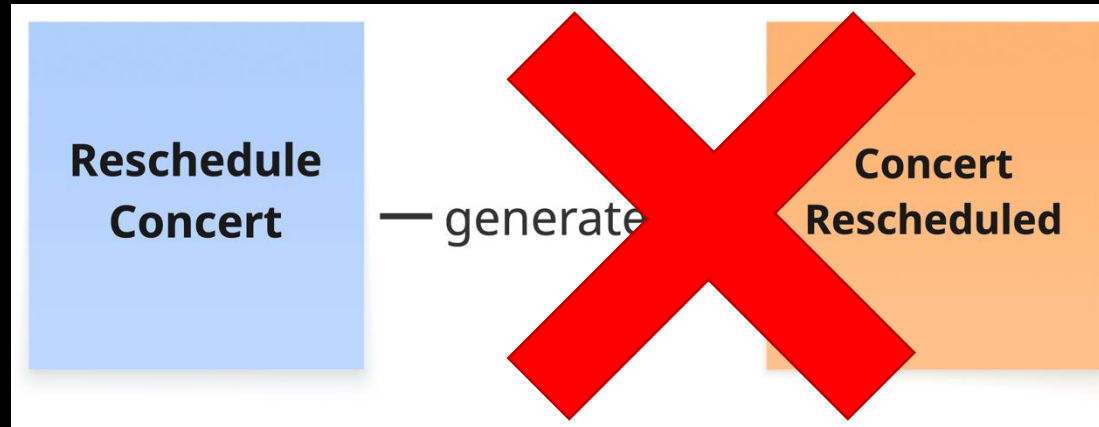
Quantify, describe, and measure

Aggregate

Consistency [transactional] Boundary
(Enforced by "Aggregate Root" Entity)

Repository

Used for Storing and Retrieving Aggregates



Aggregate & Projections

Aggregates in Event-Sourcing combine:

PROJECTION (state) + ***DECIDER*** (rule-applier)



Repository

Used for Storing and Retrieving Aggregates

Where Do Decisions Live?

State + [Context] + Command Request -> Decider -> Event

Aggregate as Decision Container

e.g., Concert Aggregate holds logic for making Concert-related decisions

Aggregates Bound Consistency

With Repositories, enforce transactions

Commands Must Be Pure

Pure Domain, No I/O (No fetching, UUID, Clock)

Event Store -> fold to STATE

Event Store and/or I/O -> additional CONTEXT

triggering information -> command REQUEST



**Domain Command
(aka DECIDER)**

A Functional Decider Approach

```
class AggregateRoot {  
    static Result<Event> decide(State state,  
                                Context ctx, CommandRequest req) {  
        if (okToExecute(state, ctx, req)) {  
            return Result.ok(new Event(...data...));  
        }  
        return Result.fail(reasonForFailure);  
    }  
}
```

A Partial OO Approach

```
// project State from List<Event> loaded from Event Store
record AggregateRoot(State state) {
    Result<Event> decide(Context ctx, CommandRequest req) {
        if (okToExecute(ctx, req)) {
            return Result.ok(new Event(...data...));
        }
        return Result.fail(reasonForFailure);
    }
}
```

A More Traditional Approach

```
class AggregateRoot {  
    private final State state;  
    private final List<Event> uncommittedEvents = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    public AggregateRoot(State state) { this.state = state; }  
  
    void decide(Context ctx, CommandRequest req) {  
        if (okToExecute(ctx, req)) {  
            uncommittedEvents.add(new Event(...data...));  
        }  
    }  
  
    Stream<Event> uncommittedEvents() { return uncommittedEvents.stream(); }  
}
```

Events = State + Command + Decider

```
private String artist;  
private int ticketPrice;  
private LocalDateTime showDateTime;  
private LocalTime doorsTime;  
private int capacity;  
private int maxTicketsPerPurchase;  
private int availableTicketCount;  
private boolean ticketsOnSale = true;
```

```
public void rescheduleTo(LocalDateTime newShowDateTime, LocalTime newDoorsTime) {  
    if (newShowDateTime.isAfter(showDateTime) && capacity - availableTicketCount == 0) {  
        ConcertRescheduled concertRescheduled =  
            new ConcertRescheduled(getId(), null, newShowDateTime, newDoorsTime);  
        enqueue(concertRescheduled);  
    }  
}
```

JitterTicket Concert Ticketing

The Event-Sourced Ticketing System

Explore Concert Tickets

Event Viewer

Concert Sales



JitterTicket Flows

tldraw

JitterTicket: Concert Ticketing System

Diving Into the Code

Benefits of Event-Sourcing

Ask Questions You Didn't Know You Had

How many Customers buy maximum # of Tickets?

How often are we Rescheduling Concerts?

Do we ever reduce Maximum Capacity?

Data Shape Matches Questions Precisely

Relationships between customers = Graph projection

Music recommendations = Vector projection

API for external usage = JSON in-memory projection

Consistent Test Structure (Events→Cmd→Event)

- All **Command-oriented** tests are:
 - GIVEN: Event(s)
 - WHEN: execute Command
 - THEN: expect Event

`(ConcertTest.rescheduleConcertGeneratesConcertRescheduled)`



Consistent Test Structure (Events→Projection)

- All **State-oriented** (projection) tests are:
 - GIVEN: Event(s)
 - THEN: expected State

(ConcertSalesProjectorTest.multipleConcerts_MultipleTicketsSoldPerConcert_ProjectsRowPerConcert)



Easier Troubleshooting

Discover a Bug? See the trail of decision outcomes.

Customized Projections

Disposable: easy to create, change, and recreate

Immutable Events*

Never lose information: there is no DELETE

* Events might change as part of Event Migration

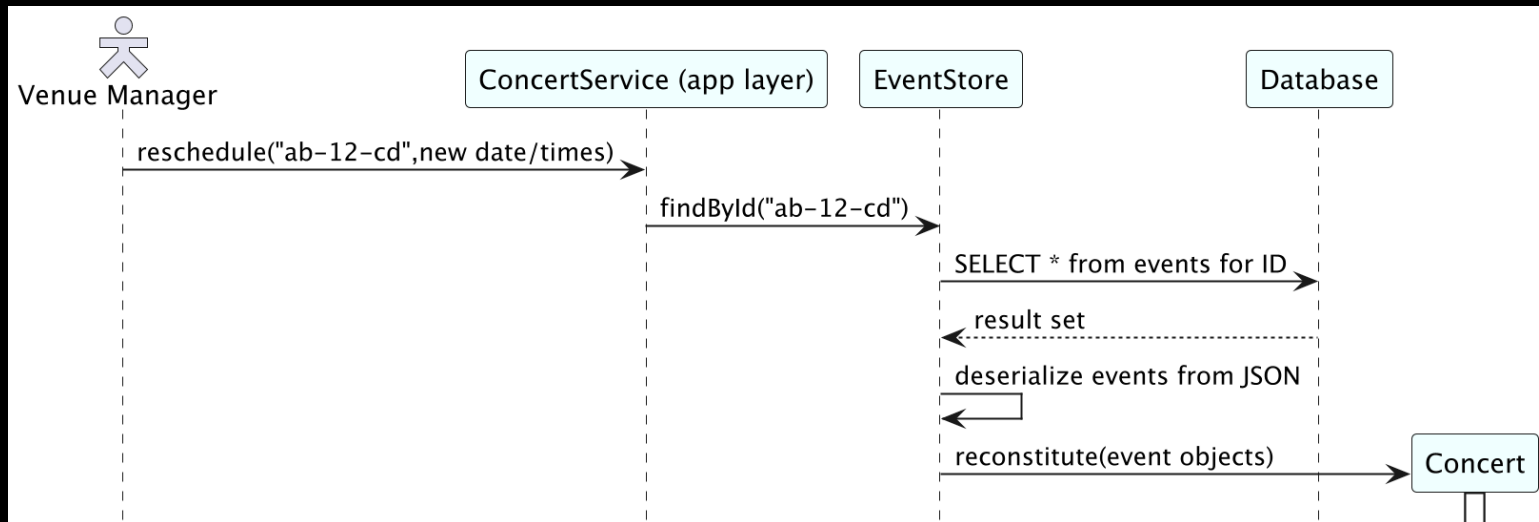
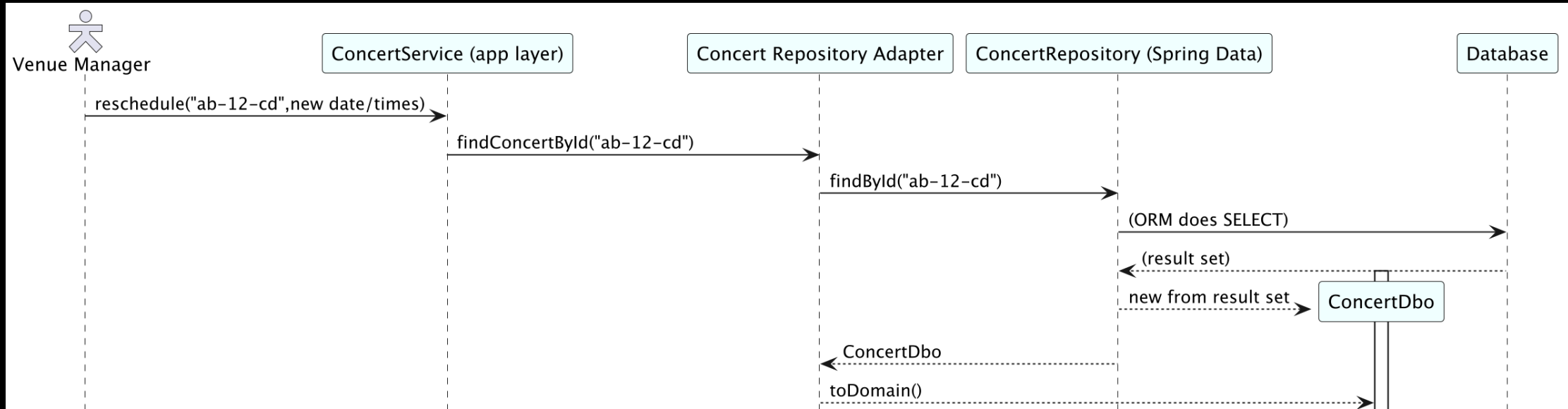
Fewer Concepts

Commands, Events, Projections

Less complexity than ORMs

No awkward mapping, lazy loading, or dirty-checking

Fewer Concepts



Replayability

Time Travel: see state of system in the past

Still Need Aggregates?

Aggregates + Entities can still be useful

Soften the Decision Boundaries

Value Objects still useful

Let's talk about Performance

Similar, if not BETTER than ORM

Startup New Projections Creation

1 Million (1,000,100) Events:

11:41:16.848 ProjectionCoordinator : Catching up for AvailableConcertsProjector
11:41:16.870 JdbcEventStore : Fetching [ConcertRescheduled, TicketSalesStopped, ConcertScheduled, TicketsSold], after event sequence: C
11:41:39.447 JdbcEventStore : Fetched 1,000,100 events, mapping to Domain events
11:41:39.451 ProjectionCoordinator : Fetched events, now updating projection...
11:41:43.562 ProjectionCoordinator : Subscribing to event store for all events
11:41:43.581 ProjectionCoordinator : Catching up for ScheduledConcertsProjector
11:41:43.593 JdbcEventStore : Fetching [ConcertRescheduled, TicketSalesStopped, ConcertScheduled, TicketsSold], after event sequence: C
11:42:06.159 JdbcEventStore : Fetched 1,000,100 events, mapping to Domain events
11:42:06.159 ProjectionCoordinator : Fetched events, now updating projection...
11:42:10.406 NewProjectionCoordinator : Catching up on events for event types: [class CustomerRegistered]
11:42:10.406 JdbcEventStore : Fetching [CustomerRegistered], after event sequence: Checkpoint(0/INITIAL)
11:42:10.641 JdbcEventStore : Fetched 10,000 events, mapping to Domain events
11:42:10.641 NewProjectionCoordinator : Fetched events, now handling them...
11:42:10.700 ProjectionCoordinator : Catching up for AllConcertsProjector
11:42:10.719 JdbcEventStore : Fetching [ConcertRescheduled, TicketSalesStopped, ConcertScheduled, TicketsSold], after event sequence: C
11:42:33.915 JdbcEventStore : Fetched 1,000,100 events, mapping to Domain events
11:42:33.915 ProjectionCoordinator : Fetched events, now updating projection...
11:42:38.036 ProcessorConfiguration : Concert Started Processor: catching up on all events
11:42:38.036 JdbcEventStore : Fetching [TicketSalesStopped, ConcertScheduled, ConcertRescheduled], after event sequence: Checkpoint(0/
11:42:38.042 JdbcEventStore : Fetched 100 events, mapping to Domain events



Misconceptions

Event-Driven Architecture

Often Integrating across Context Boundaries

Event Streaming

High Volume and/or Rate of Events

CQRS

Command-Query Responsibility Segregation

Does Not Require Event-Sourcing!

Other Topics...

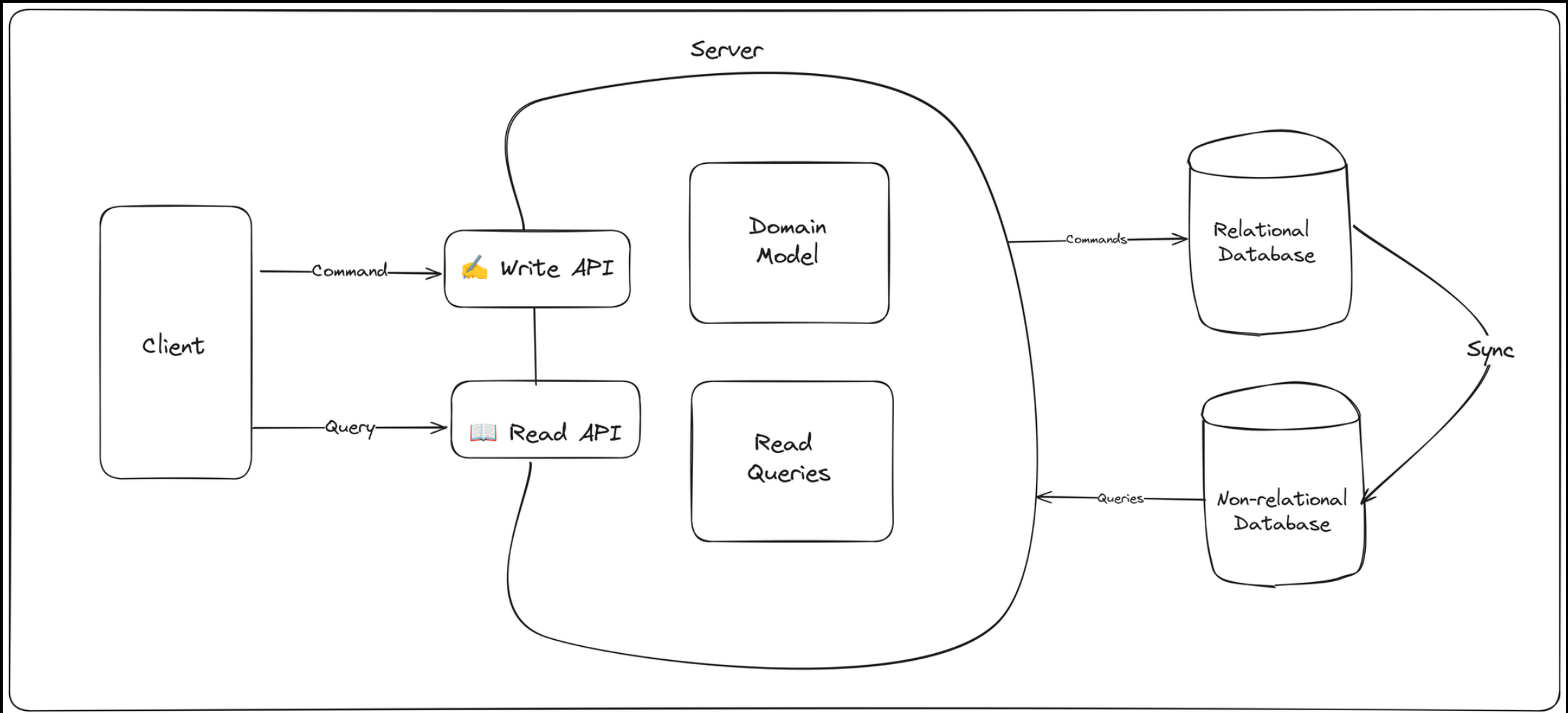
Versioning Event Logs (Streams)

(see Greg Young's Versioning in an Event-Sourced System)

- **Copy-Replace**
- **Split-Stream**
- **Join-Stream**
- **Copy-Transform**



CQRS – Separated Data Models

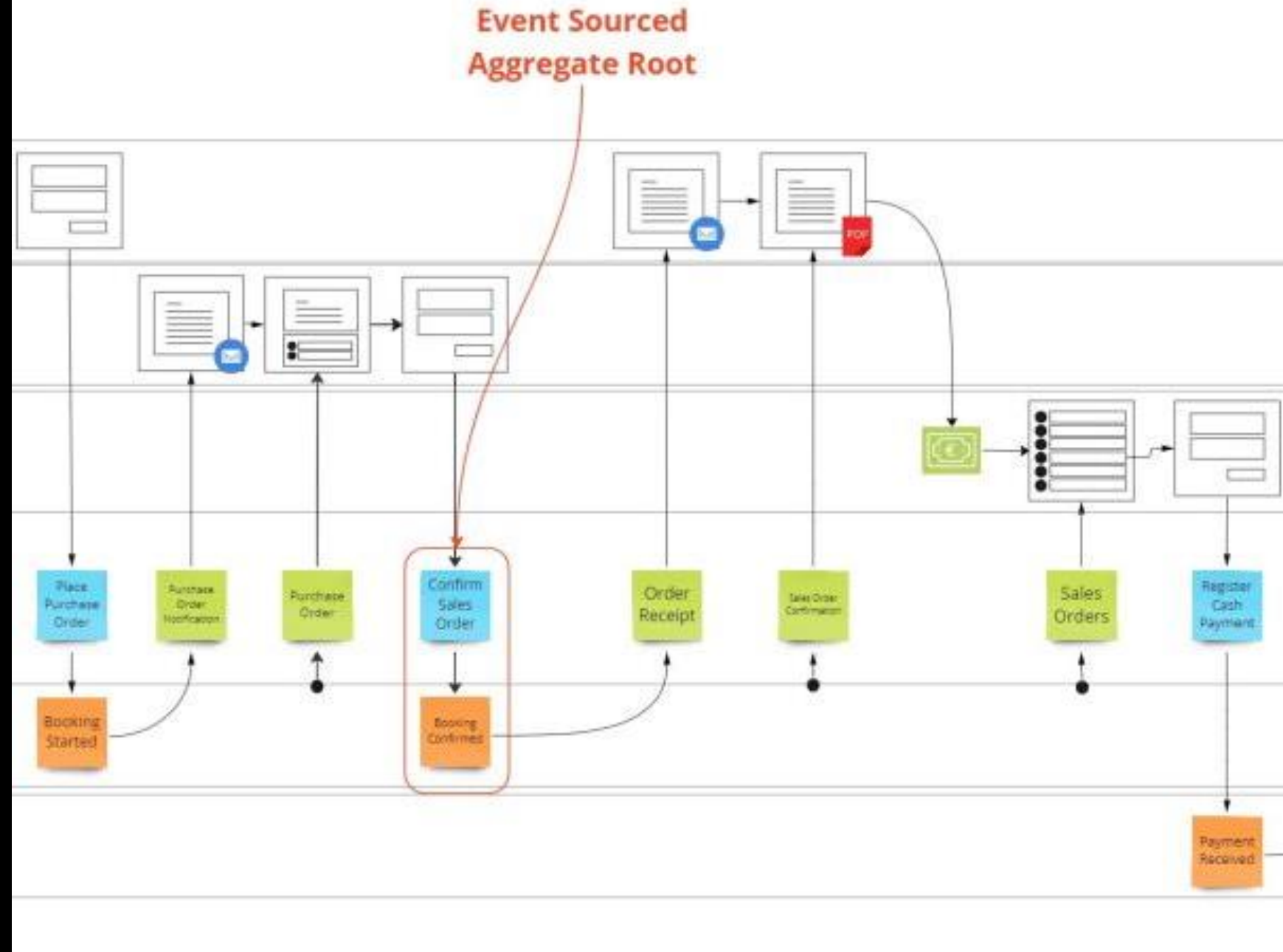


Event Modeling

Command

Event

State



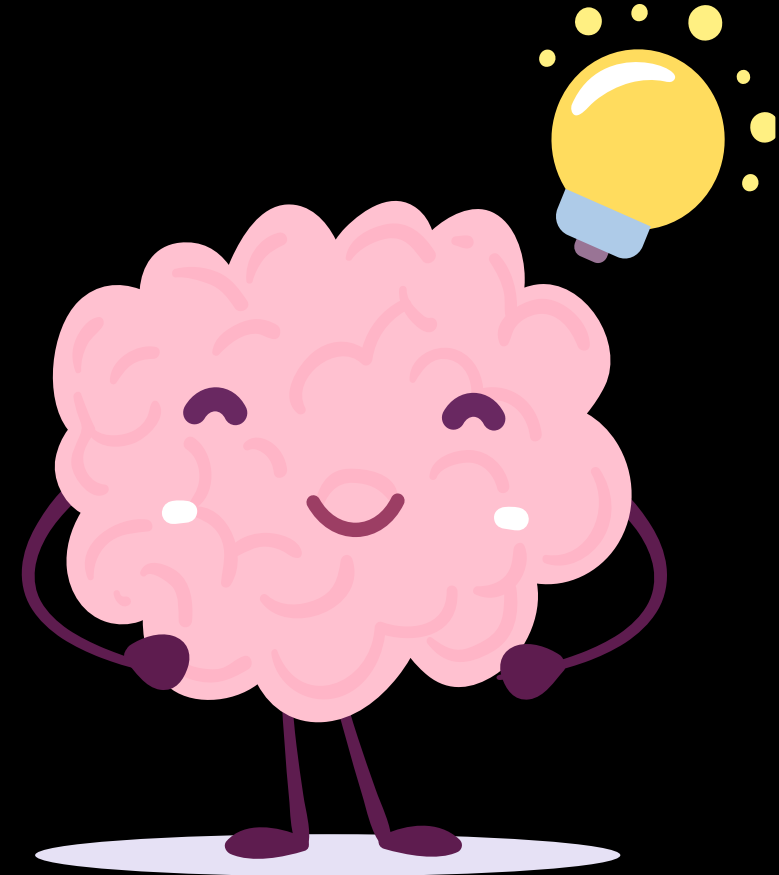
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Questions?



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